

MAITRI VIDYA NIKETAN ENGLISH MEDIUM SENIOR SECONDARY SCHOOL, RISALI **ANNUAL EXAMINATION 2022-23**

CLASS-1X SUBJECT-ENGLISH (CODE-184)

TIME-3 Hrs. **MM.80**

General Instructions:

- 1. This paper is divided into three parts: A, B and C. All questions are compulsory.
- 2. Separate instructions are given with each section and question, wherever necessary. Read these instructions very carefully and follow them.
- 3. Do not exceed the prescribed word limit while answering the questions.

SECTION-A (READING) (20 MARKS)

1.Read the passage carefully and answer the following questions carefully: (10X1=10)

- 1. The Road to 'Success is not straight: there is a curve called failure, a loop called confusion, speed bumps called friends, caution-lights called family, and you will have flats called jobs. But if you have a spark called determination, an engine called perseverance, insurance called faith, and a driver called God, you will make it to a place called
- 2. In spite of all our planning and preparation, unexpected challenges are certain to arise. The bumps in the road are unavoidable, but you'll never get to your destination if you aren't willing to drive over them. The difference between a disaster and triumph lies in whether or not you're prepared and willing to weather the storm. If you're ready, those bumps will become stepping-stones.
- 3. The key thing to realise is that working harder is the same as working smarter. How do you work smarter? You just need to have the right skills. People want improved circumstances and better life without an improved self. They want victory without paying the price or making efforts. It really cannot happen without the other. Any improvements that have not been generated by improving yourself are superficial and short-lived. If you want to have a better future, you have to change yourself. Stop worrying about the various challenges that will come your way. Just believe in yourself and use them as stepping-stones.
- 4. 'Success' is getting whatever you want out of life without violating the rights of others. It is not an accident. Success is the result of our attitude and our attitude is a choice. Hence success is a matter of choice and not chance.
- 5. Today success represents a holistic and positive attitude to life. Attitude is everything. Success is not restricted within some kind of brick and mortar premises. It assumes the individuality of complete act executed with perfection; material achievements do not define life. We don't remember sports stars for the products they endorse but the spirit of achievement they represent. In the abundance of positive attitude, lie the grandeur of a truly rewarding rich life.
- 6. Success can be measured from two standpoints—the external and the internal. Externally it is the measure of a job well done and recognition. Internally it is the feeling of achievement and wholeness derived from the completion of a task or fulfilment of desire.

On the basis of your understanding of the passage, answer the given questions:

1. Which is the most suitable title for the passage?

(ii) The Road to Success (i) Unexpected Challenges

(iii) Working Smarter (iv)Stop Worrying

2. Success comes to those who:

- (i) can transform bumps to failure
- (ii) can transform bumps to stepping-stones
- (iii) do not have the right attitude
- (iv) do not preserve

3.External success can be defined as:

- (i) a feeling of triumph
- (ii) feeling of dissatisfaction
- (iii) the measure of a job well done and recognition
- (iv)a feeling of achievement

4. Friends have been compared to:

(i) destination (ii) caution lights

(iii) speed bumps (iv) loops

5.Unexpected challenges are certain to:

(ii) be defeated (i) arise (iii) withdraw (iv) go down

6. The bumps or hardships are the to success. (i) destination (ii) skills (iii) stepping-stones (iv) planning 7.'Weather the storm' means: (i) a difficult situation (ii) to face any challenge that meets a person (iii) to go out on a stormy day (iv) an easy situation 8. Success Is a matter of: (ii) rigid attitude (i) choke (iv) chance (iii) way to live 9. The antonym or surplus' in the passage in paragraph 5 is: (i) abundance (ii) represent (iv) grandeur (iii) restricted 10. The antonym of 'commencement' in the passage in paragraph 6 is: (i) recognition (ii) achievement (iv) success (iii) completion 11. The antonym of 'deep' in the passage in paragraph 3 is: (ii) superficial (i) harder (iii) improvement (iv) generated 12. The synonym of 'victory' in the passage in paragraph 2 is: (i) planning (ii) preparation (iv) challenges (iii) triumph

2. Read the passage carefully and answer the following questions carefully: (10X1=10)

- 1. All of Earth's oceans share one thing in common "plastic pollution". When people litter, or when the trash is not properly disposed off, things like plastic bags, bottles, straws, foam and beverage cups get carried to the sea by winds and waterways. About 80 percent of ocean plastic originates on land. The rest comes from marine industries such as shipping and fishing.
- 2. In 2015, engineer Jenna Jambeck at the University of Georgia and other researchers calculated that at least 8 million tons of plastic trash are swept into the ocean from coasts every year. That's the equivalent of a full garbage truck of plastic being dumped into the sea every minute. If current trends in plastic production and disposal continue, that figure will double by 2025. A report published by the World Economic Forum last year predicts that by 2050, ocean plastic will outweigh all the fish in the sea.
- 3. In today's world, plastic is everywhere. It's found in shoes, clothing, household items, electronics and more. There are different types of plastics, but one thing they all have in common is that they're made of polymers-large molecules made up of repeating units. Their chemical structure gives them a lot of advantages: they're cheap and easy to manufacture, lightweight, water-resistant, durable and can be moulded into nearly any shape.
- 4. Sea turtles eat plastic bags and soda-can rings, which resemble jellyfish, their favourite food. Seabirds eat bottle caps or chunks of foam cups. Plastic pieces may make an animal feel full, so it doesn't eat enough real food to get the nutrients it needs. Plastic can also block an animal's digestive system, making it unable to eat.
- 5. Plastic and its associated pollutants can even make it into our own food supply. Scientists recently examined fish and shellfish bought at markets in California and Indonesia. They found plastic in the guts of more than a quarter of samples purchased at both locations; in organisms that people eat whole, such as sardines and oysters, that means we're eating plastic too. In larger fishes, chemicals from plastic may seep into their muscles and other tissues that people consume.
- **6.** One way to keep the ocean cleaner and healthier is through clean-up efforts. A lot of plastic waste caught in ocean currents eventually washes up on beaches. Removing it prevents it from blowing out to sea again. Beach clean-up is ocean clean-up.
- 7. Clean-up efforts can't reach every corner of the 'ocean or track down every bit of micro-plastic'. That means it's critical to cut down on the amount of plastic that reaches the sea in the first place. Scientists are working towards new materials that are safer for the environment. For example, Jambeck and her colleagues are currently testing a new polymer that breaks down more easily in seawater.

1. Percentage of ocean plastic that originates from land is		
(i) 20% (ii) 50% (iii) 80% (iv) 2	25%	
2. Plastic is not biodegradable	e because it is made up of	
(i) large molecule polymers	(ii) tiny particles	
(iii) strong big particles	(iv) low atomic particles	

3. Scientists bought fish a	ınd shellfish for exan	nination at marke	ets in	
(i) China and Russia	(ii) Pakistan and	d Afghanistan		
(iii) California and Indone				
4. Which properties mak		_		
(i) Biodegradability.	(ii) Durabilit	•		
(iii) The dyes and flame re	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	_		
5. Which articles made of		use pollution in t	he sea?	
(i) Discarded plastic bags.	• •			
` '	(iv) All of these.			
6. Which features do all l	_			
(i) Easy to manufacture an	•	(ii) Water resistar		
(iii) Difficult to mould into	· -	(iv) Non-durabili	ty.	
7. What is the biggest impart (i) Plastic eating makes the			mal'a digastiva avatam	
(iii) Plastic cuts sea animal	` /	of these	nai's digestive system.	
8. How are larger fish aff	` ′	of these		
(i) They can get entangled	• •	(ii) Plactic may 1	ead them to starvation.	
(iii) Plastic is found in their	_	• •	go into their muscles and other tissues.	
9. What is the ultimate w	_		30 mto their muscles and other tissues.	
(i) The beach clean-up.	(ii) Ban of plastic			
(iii) Prohibition of seabirds	` ′		rea	
			stics. Which material is being looked for?	
(i) Material that is safer for	0	• •	breaks down more easily in seawater.	
(iii) Material that does not		(iv) All of the abo	•	
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SECTION-I	B. (GRAMMAR ANI	D WRITING) (20	MARKS)	
·	•		ne help of cues given. (5 marks)	
got scared seeing them, bu good	t one of them asked m			irst, I
3. Descriptive Paragraph			(5 marks)	
7 7 7	ook part in the event. warded the best.	Write about the e	ol. Participants from as many event in 100-150 words describing how many ro	obots
1. Fill in the blanks by adolescence.	choosing the correct	t option to compl	lete the beginning of an article in a blog pos	st on
The importance of physic	ant avaraiga ag vyalt ag	mantal haalth	by the modern teenager	
(i) are well understood	cai exercise as well as	(ii) is well und	by the modern teenager.	
(iii) is being understood v	ve]]	(iv) will be we		
. ,	etween a mother and	1 /	te the sentence by reporting the	
Mother enquired, "Are	en't you feeling well?	You look pale."		
Saumya said, "I have a	terrible headache. It i	s making me giddy	y."	
Mother, wondering about replied that	at her daughter looking	g pale asked about 	t her well-being to which, the girl	
3. Select the correct option	to fill in the blank for	r the given line, fro	om a health magazine.	
You all	that cheese; it isn't go	•		
(i) shouldn't be eating		(ii) ought not t	to eat	
(iii) cannot eat		(iv) need not		
-		supplies the corre	ction for the following line, from	
the newspaper on UNO				
All five permanent men	ibers have expressed	the right of veto a	t one time or another.	
Option no.	Error	1	Correction	
- Նիսսո ոս .	121101		COLLCTION	

<i>(i)</i>	have	had
(ii)	the	their
(iii)	of	to
(iv)	another	other

5	Complete the gi	van narrativa by	filling in the blank	with the correct option.	
J.			•	-	V zvolitev D o atovanom t vyski ol
			cription of a man v	who was last seen at the l	Kwanty Restaurant which
	is on the Parlian				
	(i) is issued	(ii) hav	e issued	(iii) had issued	(iv) are issuing
6.	Fill in the blank	by choosing the	correct option to co	omplete the sentence give	en below.
	Time and time a	again, I have seen	men and women	and give th	eir lives for an idea.
	(i) risk	(ii) have	risked	(iii) are risking	(iv) risking
7.	Read the conver	sation given belo	w between a teach	er and her student. Comp	lete the sentence
	by reporting the	dialogue.			
	Teacher: Why h	nave you not finis	hed your assignme	ent?	
	Student: Becau	se it put me off to	sleep.		
	The teacher ask	ed	to which the stu	dent replied that it had p	ut him off to sleep.
8.	Select the correct	et option to fill in	the blanks for the	given piece of advice.	_
	Не	give tha	t money he found i	in the street to charity.	
				(iv) could	
9.	Select the option	n that identifies th	e error and supplie	es the correction for the f	following line, from a
	speech by a por	oular leader.			-
			struggle for I leari	ned the meaning of cour	rage.

Option no.	Error	Correction
(i)	these	those
(ii)	for	that
(iii)	learn	learned
(iv)	of	in

(iii)	learn		learned
(iv)	of		in
10. Fill in the blank to complete the sentence with the correct options. Rita often to work by bus, but she to work by taxi yesterday. (i) got, went (ii) went, wents (iii) gets, got (iv) has been going, reached			· ·
11. Report the dialogue between a g Grandson: Why are you plantin Grandfather: We need to learn A grandson asked his grandpa w	grandson and his grandfather, by completing the sentence. ing so many saplings, Grandpa? In the quality of giving selflessly only from the trees. why so many saplings, to which the old man		
replied that they need to learn the quality of giving selflessly only from the trees. 12. Identify the error on a traffic signboard and supply the correction, for the following instruction. Over speed is a knife that cut a life.			
Error	Correction		rection

SECTION C-LITERATURE (40 MARKS)

5. Attempt ANY ONE of the two extracts given:

(5X1=5 Marks)

But Evelyn was not going to give up. She was determined to lead a normal life and pursue her interest in music. One day she noticed a girl playing a xylophone and decided that she wanted to play it too. Most of the teachers discouraged her but percussionist Ron Forbes spotted her potential.

- 1. Evelyn didn't have a normal life because she was profoundly:
- (i) blind (ii) deaf (iii) dumb (iv) All of these
- **2.** Ron Forbes used to play:
- (i) Wind instruments
- (ii) Brass instruments
- (iii) String instruments (iii) Percussion instruments

were sitting at the gates. He flew into dark land the black streets. Under the archway of a bri	g? (iv) drum
 What did Swallow notice about the rich durin (i) The rich were getting married. (ii) The rich were happy (iii) the rich were sad (iv) the rich ere monotonous 	g her visit to the great city?
2. What did swallow notice about children durin(i) They were starving(iii) they wanted to eat food but couldn't	g her visit to the great city? (ii) they ere hungry (iv) All of these
3. Why did the watchman do with the boys? (i) He embraced them (iii) He shooed them away	(ii) He made them embarrassed by beating them (iv) He gave them food to eat
4. What does the adverb 'Listlessly' mean? (i) lazily (ii) excitingly (iii) happily (iv) sa	adly
5. Find the synonym of the word 'Hungry' from	the above lines.
5. Attempt ANY ONE of the two extracts give	en: (5X1=5 Marks)
	CII. (SAI-5 WAIRS)
And both that morning equally lay In leaves no s Oh, I kept the first for another day! Yet knowing how way leads on to way I doubted	step had trodden back.
And both that morning equally lay In leaves no so Oh, I kept the first for another day! Yet knowing how way leads on to way I doubted 1. Both' in line one refers to:	step had trodden back.
And both that morning equally lay In leaves no so Oh, I kept the first for another day! Yet knowing how way leads on to way I doubted 1. Both' in line one refers to:	if I should ever come back t and his friends
And both that morning equally lay In leaves no so Oh, I kept the first for another day! Yet knowing how way leads on to way I doubted 1. Both' in line one refers to: (i) leaves (ii) roads (iii) steps (iv) the poe 2. The poet chose to travel on another road beca (i) it was easier (ii) it was shorter and easier (iii) it was grassy and wanted wear	if I should ever come back t and his friends use:
And both that morning equally lay In leaves no so Oh, I kept the first for another day! Yet knowing how way leads on to way I doubted 1. Both' in line one refers to: (i) leaves (ii) roads (iii) steps (iv) the poe 2. The poet chose to travel on another road beca (i) it was easier (ii) it was shorter and easier (iii) it was grassy and wanted wear (iv) he was sure of his success on that way 3. The poet doubted if: (i) he could ever finish his journey (ii) he could meet his family again (iii) he could join his friend	step had trodden back. if I should ever come back t and his friends use: oad o. oet.

Now in memory comes my mother,
As she used in years agone,
To regard the darling dreamers
Ere she left them till the dawn:
0! I feel her fond look on me
As I list to this refrain
Which is played upon the shingles
By the patter of the rain.

- 1. What is the favourite activity of the poet during the rainy season?
- (i) Listening to music
- (ii) Eating snacks
- (iii) Roaming on the roof
- (iv) Listening to the pitter-patter sound of the rain
- **2.** Who are darling dreamers in the poem?
- (i) Children
- (ii) Mothers
- (iii) Family members (iv) Poet's memories
- **3.** What is the memory that comes to the poet's mind repeatedly?
- (i) His mother
- (ii) His friends
- (iii) His siblings
- (iv) None of these
- **4.** How does the mother look at the children?
- (i) With hatred
- (ii) With sadness (iii) With pity
- (iv) With fondness
- **5.** What does the poet feel when he listens to the refrain?
- (i) His mother's wise teachings
- (ii) His mother's affectionate smile
- (iii) His mother's kind heart
- (iv) His mother's fond look at him

6. Answer ANY FOUR of the following in about 40-50 words each.

 $(4 \times 3 = 12)$

- (i) 'Everything suddenly looked black'. Why did Evelyn feel this way?
- (ii) Why did Einstein's playmates call him "Brother Boring"?
- (iii) As a climber, what qualities was Santosh Yadav gifted with?
- (iv) What is the belief at Pashupatinath about the end of Kaliyug?
- (v) "One day an accident befell him". What accident befell Bruno?

7. Answer ANY TWO of the following in about 40-50 words each.

(2x3=6)

- (i) What did the child see at the sweetmeat shop? How did he react at this sight?
- (ii) What were the two important tasks Prashant did after deciding to be the leader of the village?
- (iii) What are the two strange things the guru and his disciple find in the Kingdom of Fools?

8. Answer ANY ONE of the following in about 100-120 words.

 $(1 \times 6 = 6)$

How does Kezia begin to see her father as a human being who needs her sympathy?

Describe the life and character of Ustad Bismillah Khan with emphasis on values of his character you should imbibe.

9. Answer ANY ONE of the following in about 100-120 words.

 $(1 \times 6 = 6)$

The little swallow was as noble as the Happy Prince. Describe how the swallow played an important role in helping the Happy Prince to carry out his noble deeds?

During their conversation, Lushkoff reveals that Sergei's cook, Olga, is responsible for the positive change in him. How has Olga saved Lushkoff?